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The People's Korea

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President KIM IL SUNG's Works Disseminated Overseas

The "Sapef-Bingo" Publishing House in Paris recently put out "On the Socialist Rural Question," a collection of immortal classic works of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Printed with due respect in the collection is a photograph of Comrade Kim Il Sung in a cooperative field visited by a bumper harvest.

Contained in this collection are 12 works of the great leader including "Theses on the Socialist Rural Question in Our Country," "The Results of the Agrarian Reform and Future Tasks" and "Let Us Further Strengthen the Socialist System of Our Country."

"On the Occasion of the 30th Anniversary of the Foundation of the Workers' Party of Korea," an immortal classic work of Comrade Kim Il Sung, was carried by recent issues of **the Pakistani semi-monthly "Subera," the Egyptian paper "Al Akhbar," the Indian magazine "Social Look"** and **the Malaysian paper "Star."**

The publications printed with due respect portraits of Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Foreign papers carried "The Non-Alignment Movement Is the Powerful Anti-Imperialist Revolutionary Force of Our Times," a historic article of Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The full text of the article was carried by a recent issue of **"Al Baath"** and the January 17 issue of **"Al Shakafa Dul Usbuaiye," Syrian papers,** the January 13 issue of **the Sudanese paper "El Sahafa,"** the January 15 issue of **the Benin paper "Ehuzu," the paper of the Yemen Arab Republic "Al Shaab"** and **the Zambian paper "Daily Mail."**

The January 8, 13 and 15 issues of **the Gambian paper "The Progressive Newspaper"** serialized the full text.

The Yugoslav paper "Borba" and the January 18 issue of **the Jordanian paper "Al Destour"** reported a detailed gist.

Another **Yugoslav paper "Politika"** and **the Algerian papers "Al Chaab"** and **"El Moudjahid"** carried recently a gist.

The papers printed with due respect portraits of Comrade Kim Il Sung. (KCNA)

Foreign Press Report President's New Year Address

The newspapers and news agency of foreign countries widely introduced the New Year address made by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, seeing in the New Year 1976, according to reports.

The full text of the New Year address was carried by a recent issue of **the Lao paper "Vientiane Mai," the Malaysian paper "Star," the Sudanese paper "Al Ayam," the Syrian papers "Al Saura"** and **"Al Usbuu Al Riyadih"** and **the British paper "News of the World."**

The Pakistani papers "Daily Aptab" and **"Hilali Pakistan"** reported the full text.

The Singapore papers "Sinchew Jit Poh," "Nanyang Siang Pau" and **"Minbao"** also carried the full text.

A recent issue of **the Norwegian paper "Krastanten"** carried a detailed summary.

"Kansan Uutiset," the central organ of the Finnish Communist Party, carried recently a gist.

The papers and news agency printed with due respect portraits of Comrade Kim Il Sung. (KCNA)

TELEGRAMS

* Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, exchanged messages of greetings or New Year's cards with **Hafez Al Assad**, President of the Syrian Arab Republic; **Leopold Sedar Senghor**, President of the Republic of Senegal; **Julius K. Nyerere**, President of the United Republic of Tanzania; **Mobutu Sese Seko Kuku Ngbendu Wa Za Banga**, President of the Republic of Zaire; **Michel Micombero**, General Secretary of the Party of National Unity and Progress of Burundi and President of the Republic of Burundi; **Ibrahim Muhammed Al Hamdi**, Chairman of the Command Council of the Yemen Arab Republic; **Siaka Probyn Stevens**, President of the Republic of Sierra Leone; **Felix Malloum Ngakoutou Bey-Ndi**, Chairman of the Superior Military Council and Head of State of the Republic of Chad; **Francisco Morales Bermudez Cerutti**, President of Republic of Peru; **Abu Sadat Mohammad Sayem**, President of the People's Republic of Bangladesh; **Khalifa Bin Hamad Al Thani**, Sheik of the State of Qatar; **Bhumibol Adulyadej**, King of the Kingdom of Thailand; and **Margrethe the Second**, Queen of the Kingdom of Denmark.

* Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the State of the DPRK, sent a message to **Gaafar Mohamed Nimeri**, President of the Democratic Republic of the Sudan, greeting the 20th anniversary of its independence. (KCNA)

Uncle Sam Must Implement UN Resolution: World Public

The withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggression troops from south Korea has become an irresistible demand of our era of independence.

The criminal manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges to perpetuate Korea's division and provoke another war against the Korean people are arousing ever stronger protest and denunciation among the world progressive people.

They unanimously denounce the U.S. imperialists' line of split and war against Korea and strongly demand the U.S. troops' immediate withdrawal from south Korea in accordance with the resolution of the 30th UN General Assembly on the Korean question.

In his letter to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung **Moustapha Hussain, Chairman of the Pakistan-Korea Youth Friendship Association,** said:

"The U.S. imperialist aggression armed forces' occupation of south Korea cannot be allowed in the light of the national sovereignty of the Korean people and the demand of the present era advocating independence.

"The U.S. imperialist aggressors must put off the 'UN forces' helmets and withdraw forthwith from Korea unconditionally and the reunification of Korea be achieved by the Korean people themselves."

In his letter to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung **Rabinder Handa, Editor-in-Chief of the Indian paper "Korean Reunification,"** said:

"The key to the solution of the Korean question is to drive the U.S. troops out of south Korea.

"It is an urgent matter which brooks not a moment's delay for the solution of the Korean question to drive the U.S. troops illegally occupying south Korea out of there and put an end to outside interference in the internal affairs of Korea.

"We in India demand most strongly, resolutely and decisively that the United States withdraw its troops immediately without any delay on the basis of the spirit of the 43 nation-sponsored resolution adopted at the UN General Assembly."

The world progressive people are unanimous in saying that the U.S. troops' withdrawal from south Korea in accordance with the UN resolution is beneficial to defending peace and security not only in Korea but in the rest of the world and fully accords with the will and interests of the world peace-loving people.

The Executive Secretariat of the Tri-Continental People's Solidarity Organisation stated in its recent appeal:

"The adoption of the resolution on the withdrawal of the U.S. troops from south Korea at the 30th UN General Assembly fully accords with the will and interests of the Korean people and the world peace-loving people who desire peace in Korea and her reunification."

The appeal continued:

"Considering that the way for a fair solution of the Korean question is fully clarified in the 43 nation-sponsored resolution adopted at the 30th UN General Assembly, the Executive Secretariat of the Tri-Continental People's Solidarity Organisation totally supports it and demands that the United States immediately carry it into practice.

"The United States must disband the 'UN Command' in south Korea, withdraw taking along its troops wearing 'UN forces' helmets and nuclear weapons and give up its policy of interference and aggression against Korea.

"The United States must accept the proposal of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea on concluding a peace agreement with the United States on condition that the U.S. troops are withdrawn from south Korea."

In his letter to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung **R.L. Nagi, Editor-in-Chief of the Indian paper "Saxi,"** said:

"The resolution of the DPRK side adopted at the United Nations would be greatly conducive to the Korean revolution and the world revolution and to defending peace in Asia and the world.

"Therefore, we strongly demand that the United States unconditionally withdraw its aggression troops from south Korea on the principle of the DPRK side's resolution adopted at the United Nations."

The world peace-loving people stress that the adoption of the 43 nation-sponsored resolution at the 30th UN General Assembly made the U.S. side's "resolution" a piece of scrap paper and deprived the U.S. imperialist aggressors of all pretexts to stay on in south Korea.

A letter to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung from **the Central Committee of the Sierra Leone-Korea Friendship Association** said:

"The members of the Sierra Leone-Korea Friendship Association together with the world peace-loving people are closely watching what attitude the U.S. imperialists take towards this resolution.

"Whether the U.S. imperialists agree to conclude a peace agreement or not will be a touchstone to show whether they truly want peace in Korea or not.

"The passage of the 43 nation-sponsored resolution at the UN General Assembly made the U.S. side's 'resolution' fabricated by the U.S. imperialists and their stooges meaningless.

"The U.S. imperialists' aggressive delusion to create 'two Koreas' and justify their occupation of south Korea in the name of the United Nations was smashed to pieces.

"The question of Korea's reunification should be solved by the Korean people themselves on the basis of the five-point policy of national reunification put forward by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung."

In his letter to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, **Birama Togola, Inspector-General of Secondary Education of the Secondary Education Guidance Bureau of Mali,** wrote:

"The adoption of this resolution gave the U.S. imperialist aggression troops no pretext to stay even a single day in south Korea. They must withdraw from south Korea at once taking along their lethal weapons.

"If the U.S. imperialists continue to cling to the policy of aggression and war refusing to renounce their policy of occupation of south Korea and going against the powerful tide of our time, they will be further isolated from and rejected by the world people and severely punished by history." (KCNA)

European, Arab Youth Congress Adopts Special Korea Resolution

The Fifth Session of the European and Arab Youth Congress held in Algiers unanimously adopted a "special resolution on Korea's reunification," according to a report from Algiers.

The resolution pointed out:

Considering that the adoption of a fair resolution on the Korean question at the 30th Session of the United Nations General Assembly was a great victory of the Juche idea founded by the great leader of the Korean people President Kim Il Sung and his policy for the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea and a brilliant victory of the anti-imperialist independent peace-loving forces over the imperialist reactionary forces, the Fifth Session of the European and Arab Youth Congress held in Algiers between January 23 and 27, 1976, strongly demands the United States give up the "two Koreas" policy, withdraw forthwith from south Korea the U.S. imperialist aggression troops carrying the "United Nations forces" signboard and conclude a peace agreement with the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in accordance with the resolution of the 30th Session of the United Nations General Assembly.

The session resolutely denounces the treacherous acts of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique in trying to perpetuate the split of Korea by creating "two Koreas" at the instigation of the U.S. imperialists who are turning south Korea into a nuclear base and extremely aggravating the situation and their new war provocation manoeuvres against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Expressing full support and militant solidarity for the courageous struggle of the south Korean student youths for the democratization of society and the independent and peaceful reunification of the country and resolutely denouncing the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's bestial suppression of the patriotic south Korean student youths, the session strongly demands the immediate release of the arrested and imprisoned patriotic student youths.

The session indicts to the whole world the Pak Jung Hi clique, the most faithful stooges and puppets of the imperialists, for their criminal outrages committed against the Palestinian and Arab peoples in league with the Israeli aggressors and exposes and denounces the shameless and crafty moves of the U.S.-led imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to sow the seed of split and discord among the third world and non-aligned countries.

The session expresses the firm conviction that between June 25 and July 27, the Month of International Solidarity with the Korean People and Youths, the youth organisations of Arab, European and all other countries of the world will extensively organise demonstrations, solidarity meetings and various other solidarity functions in support of the struggle of the Korean people and youths for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country and take practical and effective measures for supporting the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.

The session ardently calls upon the youth organisations of European and Arab countries to form a broad united front of solidarity with the Korean people and youths by organising solidarity organisations in various forms supporting Korea's reunification in support of the just struggle of the Korean people and youths for achieving the independent and peaceful reunification of the country in accordance with the three principles and five-point policy of national reunification. (KCNA)

L. American Bodies Support Korea's Reunion

It has become the main trend of the time to demand the withdrawal of the U.S. forces from south Korea and the realization of the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.

The revolutionary peoples and progressive public figures of Latin America, like the peoples of all countries of the world who love peace and justice, are raising higher their voices supporting our Party's policy of independent national reunification.

They fully support the fair and just stand of our people who are struggling to force the U.S. imperialist aggression forces out of south Korea and reunify the country independently by their own efforts in a peaceful way and strongly demand that the "UN Command" be disbanded, all foreign forces present in south Korea under the flag of the United Nations withdrawn, the armistice agreement replaced by a peace agreement and practical steps taken for bringing about a lasting peace in Korea.

Alvaro Montero Mejia, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Costa Rica Socialist Party, said in a statement:

"The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung laid down the most just and wise policy of national reunification—the question of replacing the armistice agreement with a peace agreement, the question of forming a national united front for the whole country and the question of instituting the north-south confederation and working together in the field of external activity as a single state under the name of the Confederal Republic of Koryo.

These are the most reasonable propositions acceptable to anyone."

The Latin American Committee of Solidarity with the Korean People in a recent statement said:

"For the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea it is necessary, first of all, to definitely terminate the outside interference, the basic obstacle to Korea's reunification.

As the 'UN forces' in south Korea are none other than the U.S. troops, the U.S. imperialists must no longer try to justify their presence in south Korea under the UN flag.

The U.S. imperialists must drop their deceptive ruse, disband the 'UN Command' at once and withdraw their forces from south Korea."

The Colombia-Korea Friendship Association in a statement said:

"Colombia and other Latin American countries and third world countries fully support the Korean people's struggle for the country's reunification under the leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the outstanding leader, and strongly hold that the U.S. imperialist aggression forces should pull out of south Korea at once."

A Cuban magazine said that huddles are lying in the way of the Korean people's efforts to reunify the country owing to the manoeuvres of the United States and the south Korean puppets.

It noted: "The United States must stop interfering in the internal affairs of Korea and withdraw all its troops from south Korea.

This alone will make it possible for the Koreans to solve the problem of Korea's reunification independently without interference of any outside forces."

Daniel Camacho, Chairman of the Costa Rica National Council for Peace and Solidarity, in a letter to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung pointed out:

"The withdrawal of the 'UN forces' from south Korea means terminating the U.S. imperialists' wanton interference in the domestic affairs of Korea and their policy of aggression against her and it is a matter of common concern for the world people.

The peoples the world over ardently hope to see divided Korea reunified at an early date and the free and united Korean people hewing out their own destiny."

A professor of politics of the United States had this to say:

"It is a realistic demand to replace the present armistice agreement with a peace agreement.

If the proposal of the DPRK is carried into practice, it would promote Korea's reunification, I believe. The question of Korea's reunification is an affair of Koreans themselves in all respects; it is not a matter which allows interference by outside forces.

Korea's reunification must be achieved in accordance with the Korean people's wishes in their interests."

A declaration adopted at the Latin American Scientific Seminar on the Juche Idea said:

"Dictated by the unanimous will of the Latin American people who hope to see a durable peace in Korea and an early independent and peaceful reunification of Korea, we fully support the principles and policy of national reunification laid down by President Kim Il Sung.

We affirm that the Korean people will certainly accomplish their cause of national reunification in the very near future thanks to the support and encouragement of the revolutionaries and progressive peoples the world over and the Latin American peoples struggling for freedom against U.S. imperialism, the common enemy."

The U.S. imperialists are working desperately to perpetuate their forces' occupation of south Korea, create "two Koreas" and retain their firm grip on south Korea as their colony and military base, going against the trend of history. But, they will never be able to check the Korean people's cause of national reunification enjoying the unanimous support of the progressive peoples of the whole world. (KCNA)

Pyongyang Assails US Moves against Third World

U.S. State Secretary Kissinger, speaking at the U.S. Senate Foreign Relations Committee, on Jan. 29, croaked that the "bilateral relations" between the third world countries and the United States would depend on the former's attitude toward the latter at international meetings, according to a foreign press report.

This wretch ranted that "aid" would be increased to those countries which "abandon hostile acts and bloc voting" against the United States in the United Nations.

The despicable act of Kissinger who is resorting to open threat, blackmail and bribery, using "aid" as a bait, is an anachronistic one.

The U.S. imperialists gave up the trick of disguising themselves as a "helper" and "philanthropist," putting up poisonous "aid" with honey words, to reveal their brigandish nature. This is because in the United Nations and other international bodies their fist policy has proved futile and their baton does not work in the recent years.

As is well known, many third world countries and non-aligned countries which advocate independence have joined the United Nations, radically changing the balance of forces in it and many UN member nations have dealt powerful blows to the arbitrariness of the U.S. imperialists, with the result that the latter have been extremely isolated in the United Nations and the old order and old machine by which they concocted illegal "resolutions" at will by setting in motion the hand-raising machine are being destroyed rapidly.

This is clearly borne out by the fact that at the 30th Session of the United Nations General Assembly the vicious obstructionist machinations of U.S. imperialism were shamelessly frustrated and a just resolution on the Korean question was adopted for the first time in the UN history and a number of fair resolutions reflecting the common desire and aspiration of the world peace-loving people were adopted in the United Nations and its specialized agencies in the recent years.

That the U.S. imperialists are practising gangster-like arbitrariness more openly in the international relations, persistently resorting to blackmail and bribery by dollars in its diplomacy clearly shows how they feel uneasy and fretful about the repeated setbacks and serious isolation in the United Nations.

The present era is an era of independence when the people who had been oppressed and maltreated under the imperialists' domination and subjugation in the past have emerged as the masters of the world to carve out their destiny independently and creatively.

The day has gone never to return when the imperialists oppressed and plundered the third world people at will and held backstage bargaining on the destiny of the third world people to decide it arbitrarily.

The high-handed act of the U.S. imperialists who use "aid" as a means of threat will meet a shameful fiasco and result in landing themselves in further isolation because it runs counter to the demand of the times and the desire of the people.

With no artifice can the U.S. imperialists hold in check the powerful trend of the times opposing all manner of aggression, interference, subjugation and inequality and advocating independence.

Mideast

Rodong Sinmun (organ of the CC of the WPK) in a commentary Feb.2 scathingly denounces the high-handed act of the U.S. imperialists in exercising the veto on a resolution calling for the recognition of the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people and withdrawal of the Israeli aggressors from all the Arab territories under their occupation, which had been submitted by non-aligned countries as the UN Security Council.

It says:

The U.S. imperialists' veto again stripped them bare as the very one who obstructs a right settlement of the Middle East problem, not wanting it, and opposes the just cause of the Arab people.

The commentary goes on:

It is entirely ascribable to the aggressive manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and the Zionists that the Middle East problem remains yet unsolved and the tension persists there.

It is the U.S. imperialists' invariable aim in their Middle East policy to stamp out the cause of justice of the Arab countries, place the Middle East area under their yoke and plunder rich resources there.

To this end, the United States abetted the expansionist desire of the Zionists and gave them modern weapons of mass destruction, instigating them to aggression and provocations against the Arab people and letting them even start wars of aggression several times.

The manoeuvres of aggression, war and intervention of the United States and the Israeli Zionists are the essential factor of the daily increasing tension in the Middle East, immeasurable sufferings and misfortunes forced upon the Palestinian people and the threat to and wrecking of the security, national sovereignty and territorial integrity of the Arab countries.

The commentary quotes the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung as teaching:

"If the Middle East problem is to be settled correctly, it is necessary, above all, to put an end to the aggressive manoeuvres of the imperialists and Zionists in this area, force the Israeli aggressors out of all the occupied Arab territory and completely restore the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people."

The commentary declares:

The Korean people will as ever fully support and encourage the struggle of the Palestinian people for the liberation of the homeland and the restoration of the national rights and the struggle of the Arab people for the restoration of the occupied Arab territory and defence of the national dignity.

With no machination can the U.S. imperialists and the Zionists hold in check the advance of the Arab people who are fighting with firm conviction of the justice of their cause.

The Arab people will surely win victory in their sacred struggle against imperialism and Zionism.

Diego Garcia

Rodong Sinmun in a commentary Jan. 31 scathingly denounces the criminal act of the U.S. imperialists in concluding a secret agreement with Britain to build a large-scale military base on Diego Garcia Island, defying the strong opposition of the world people.

It says:

The United States is building a large-scale military base on Diego Garcia under the sinister plan to make the Indian Ocean a "lake of the United States" and present a greater military threat and intensify aggression and interference against Asian and African countries on the Indian Ocean coasts.

The U.S. imperialists are scheming to deploy even nuclear weapons on Diego Garcia and suppress the national liberation struggle of the people on the Indian Ocean coasts, intensify aggression and intervention against the countries in these areas advancing along the road of anti-imperialism and independence and control the transport route of oil and raw materials of Arab world and Africa.

The U.S. imperialists' building of the large-scale military base on Diego Garcia shows that they have not renounced the role of the world police and are making preparations to launch military intervention in Arab countries and the Indian Ocean countries at any time.

While creating tension in the Indian Ocean, the U.S. imperialists are reinforcing their aggression armed forces in south Korea, Okinawa and Japan in their feverish manoeuvres to ignite a new war against the Korean people.

The military manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists in Asia and the rest of the world show that the U.S. imperialists are the chieftain of aggression and war and heinous enemy encroaching upon the freedom, independence and sovereignty of the people.

The building of the large-scale military base on Diego Garcia by the U.S. imperialists is a great threat to the peace and security of the Indian Ocean. It is an outrageous challenge to the peoples of the countries on the Indian Ocean coasts and the peace-loving people of the world demanding its conversion into a peace zone.

Expressing full support and firm solidarity with the peoples of Sri Lanka, India and other countries on the Indian Ocean coasts in their just struggle to make it a peace zone, the commentary stresses:

The United States must dismantle its military base on Diego Garcia and withdraw all its aggression armed forces from all regions of Asia.

If the United States build a military base on Diego Garcia and persist in acts of aggression, it will face a strong denunciation and opposition of the peoples of Asia, Middle East and Africa and the world peace-loving people and find itself further isolated.

Meanwhile, Minju Choson (organ of the DPRK Government) in its commentary sharply condemns the U.S. imperialists' criminal acts in building a large-scale military base on Diego Garcia. (KCNA)

PER. SEC.

Tour of Our Socialist Homeland (1)

Sacred Places of Revolution

We, a press delegation from Japan, made a two-month visit to our homeland, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea from Nov. 4 to Dec. 26 last year.

We visited our spiritual birthplace Mangyongdae, the Korean Revolution Museum, revolutionary sites and battlefields of historic importance, factories, cooperative farms, schools, institutes and cultural establishments.

The omnipresent slogan was "Let Juche Dictate Ideology, Technology and Culture!" the "Movement to Win the Three-Revolution Red Flag" was being launched to accelerate the independent and peaceful reunification of the fatherland and complete the building of socialism and communism.

Our last visit gave us first-hand knowledge of the gigantic construction of socialism under way in the DPRK which is a splendid embodiment of the immortal Juche idea fathered by President Kim Il Sung.

The following is the first of six articles, a product of our visit....Ed.

On arrival in Pyongyang by air from Tokyo via Peking, we proceeded to Mangyongdae, the spiritual birthplace of the Korean people, and other places of historic significance including Chilgol and Bonghwa-ri. We paid profound tributes to the graves of the grandfather Kim Bo Hyon and grandmother Li Bo Ik of President Kim Il Sung and to the graves of his father Kim Hyong Jik and his mother Kang Ban Sok.

Mangyongdae, the birthplace of President Kim Il Sung

Revolutionary Family

We went to the native house where our great leader was born and spent his childhood—from this place arose the great sun of our nation at a time when the dark clouds hung over our fatherland, a colony under the Japanese imperialist rule.

What impressed us was the poverty of his parents, direr than imagined, which failed to deter them from leading a simple, honest and virtuous life.

At this thatched house our fatherly leader President Kim Il Sung was born on April 15, 1912.

We were brought home to how he had studied, played and nurtured the great ambition to restore the lost fatherland.

From Mangyongdae overlooking the Daedong River we had a fine view of the revolutionary capital of Pyongyang in the East and an express highway in the West leading to Kangson from where the Chollima Movement originated. Here Kim Hyong Jik inspired his son with strong patriotism, who was determined to defeat Japanese imperialism and win national independence.

Mangyongdae is safely called the cradle of the Korean revolution, the spiritual birthplace of our people and the world's peoples.

All the family members of our great leader President Kim Il Sung were revolutionaries.

Father Kim Hyong Jik laid down his life for the sake of national restoration as an indomitable anti-Japanese fighter, as a revolutionary and as a great educationist. He was tortured to death at the age of 32 by the Japanese authorities.

Mother Kang Ban Sok was a preeminent fighter for female liberation and a diehard communist and helped her son engage in the revolutionary struggle.

Uncle Kim Hyong Gon was a zealous revolutionary. He died in prison after the Japanese arrested him while waging armed struggle. Younger brother Kim Chol Ju was arrested as a ardcorch anti-Japanese fighter in 1935 and died at the age of 20.

President Kim Il Sung stated:

"These two factors—the serious factional strife in the Korean national liberation and communist movements and the leadership divorced from the masses—strongly convinced us that we must not carry out our revolution in that way. We keenly felt that we must go among the masses and rely on them in our struggle, that we must solve our problems, by our own efforts, and that what counts is our own successful effort, not recognition from others.

This could be said to be the starting point of our Juche idea."

In the latter half of the 1920's the communist movement and the anti-Japanese national-liberation struggle in Korea underwent marked difficulties.

In this period, President Kim Il Sung commenced the revolutionary struggle, a struggle severe from the outset in view of the pitfalls, trials and tribulations already laid out for the Korean communist movement and the national-liberation struggle. In those days the secretarian-flunkeys and the nationalists indulged in a secretarian feud simply to achieve "hegemony" in the scramble for power, engaging in unnecessary debate without any aims or policies for struggle.

Seeing this state of affairs, the President decided to categorically oppose flunkeyism and dogmatism and develop the revolutionary struggle from Juche.

On October 17, 1926, President Kim Il Sung formed the Down-With-Imperialism Union(DWIU), the first Korean revolutionary youth organization.

This marked the beginning of the revolutionary activities of President Kim Il Sung, a beginning which marked the actual start of the revolutionary history of the Korean people.

Following the release from the Kirin Prison in June, 1930, he moved quickly to advance the line of anti-Japanese armed struggle and specify its tasks. He also called for an anti-Japanese national united front to be created and stressed the need to found a revolutionary working-class party.

On April 25, 1932 he proclaimed the Korean People's Revolutionary Army, starting a fiercer armed struggle against the Japanese imperialist troops—the start of a new form of national-liberation struggle in colonies in the world.

Historic Battlefields

We left Pyongyang for Ryanggang Province where we saw round many battlesites dating back to the anti-Japanese armed struggle.

We drove from the provincial capital of Hyesan along the Amrok River separating Korea from China; there on the bank on the Korean side were gun emplacements at an interval of two kilometers, built by the defunct Japanese Imperial Army to guard against the Korean People's Revolutionary Army and its sympathizers.

Driving along the Karim River branching from the Amrok River, we reached the famous Pochonbo battlefield.

On June 4, 1937, President Kim Il Sung led the main force of the KPRA and advanced on Pochonbo, a strategic stronghold of the Japanese.

Breaching frontier gurad line defenses arrogantly advertized by the enemy as a "wall of iron," the KPRA units assaulted the stronghold and wiped out enemy establishments in a shower of fire.

The triumph in this battle instilled in the Korean people an unshakable confidence in national liberation and gave a powerful impetus to their anti-Japanese national-liberation struggle.

We then went to another border provinces N.-S. Hamgyong. Its Musan districts are in a huge forest of pine trees, where camps of guerrillas were concealed from enemy surveillance.

There were numerous pine trees on whose side a slogan was written, "Long Live Anti-Japanese War!" There were also traces of cooking with smokeless pinetree barks.

We found on the Taehongdan battlesite some empy cartriges left behind by the guerrialls who ambushed the Japanese troops.

The guerrillas led by President Kim Il Sung entered the Sinsadong area on May 22, 1939 and inspired the Koreans there with hopes of liberation. On the following day the guerrillas beat the Japanese in the Taehongdan battle and retreated to the Tuman River.

Our travel awakened us to the historic implications of the anti-Japanese armed struggle as a total national-liberation struggle pitted against the l-million strong Japanese invaders.

Our great leader outmaneuvered and vanquished the Japanese Imperial Army with his Juche thought and brilliant strategic and tactical lines.

We came across upon many evidences showing the unreserved dedication by the guerrillas to our great leader throughout the resistance struggle.

The Juche thought proved itself in this struggle, created the revolutionary traditions and is now the sole correct guiding principle for the Korean people in revolution and construction.

How Anti-Japanese Guerrillas Studied Juche

The experiences of the study for arming the anti-Japanese guerrillas with the immortal Juche idea conducted in the days of the heroic anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle under the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung serve as a precious model for the education of our Party members and working people in the Juche idea.

Importance of Study

The great leader, attaching weighty importance to the education in the Juche idea among the anti-Japanese guerrillas, the hard-cores of the Korean revolution, directed profound concern and solicitude for the study of the anti-Japanese guerrillas, from working out study programs to providing them with conditions to study and its organization and set in person a practical example in guiding their study.

The anti-Japanese guerrillas were boundlessly moved by the warm love and deep solicitude of the fatherly leader. True to the teaching of the great leader that **"Study is the first and foremost task of revolutionaries"** and **"Study should be intensified as the situation becomes difficult and complex,"** they made it a rule to study even under hard and complex circumstances. They, in this course, made the Juche idea, the guiding principle of the Korean revolution, their unshakable revolutionary faith and world outlook.

What occupied an especially important place in the education in the Juche idea within the Anti-Japanese Guerrilla Army was the intensive military and political study on the works of the great leader and the Juche-oriented lines and policies laid down by him.

Methods

The military and political study for getting a grasp of the works of the great leader and the lines and policies advanced by him was conducted by various forms and methods according to the subjects and conditions of study.

Lectures and discussions were the most principal methods of study in the military and political study of the immortal classic works of the great leader.

The military and political study conducted in the forests of Matangkou in 1937 dealt with the great leader's immortal classic work "The Ten-Point Programme for the Restoration of the Fatherland." Its participants had lectures and discussions on the subjects derived from this work.

For example, those embraced in the self-study group with a certain level of knowledge made some preparations for getting a theoretical understanding of such problems as "on the character of the people's revolutionary government to be set up in future" and "on the motive force of the revolution" and holding discussions on them in combination with practical problems. Those embraced in the alphabetical group had discussions, with main emphasis on the lectures. These methods helped make the revolutionary ideas of the great leader their flesh and bones in the shortest possible span of time.

It was an effective method of study to have a heated discussion on the subjects. The method of holding a heated discussion on certain subjects derived from the works of the great leader and the lines and policies advanced by him promoted each other's understanding, made it possible to correct each other's wrong understanding and draw a conclusion for oneself. This helped the participants have a correct grasp of the essence of the problems raised.

The discussion and the study in question-and-answer-form widely conducted within the Anti-Japanese Guerrilla Army were the best method of study to gain a deep grasp of the Juche idea, the revolutionary idea, of the great leader.

Also applied in the military and political study for the education in the Juche idea was the method whereby a well-informed guerrilla took charge of a less informed guerrilla and helped him in study.

In this way, deep-going education in the Juche idea was organised and conducted in various forms and ways in the military and political study, which helped the anti-Japanese guerrillas acquire a deep grasp on the works of the great leader and his lines and principles and make his Juche idea their unshakable faith.

What was also important in the education in the Juche idea within the Anti-Japanese Guerrilla Army was to establish a revolutionary habit of study and make study part and parcel of daily life and cultivate the habit of studying any time and anywhere, so the anti-Japanese guerrillas might make the Juche idea, the revolutionary idea, of the great leader, their flesh and blood.

The march and the battle held the main part of the daily life of the anti-Japanese guerrillas.

Therefore, they made tenacious efforts to have a thorough grasp of the revolutionary ideas of the great leader, by making an assiduous study of it, during short breaks in the course of a march, by the campfire built for the stop of a night and even during intervals between battles.

In the summer of 1938, when battles were waged in the Wantsukou area, Chihan county, the anti-Japanese guerrillas lying in ambush by a roadside to intercept the enemy took out of their knapsacks works of the great leader and studied them in a militant way.

Practice

Another important point in the education in the Juche idea within the anti-Japanese guerrilla army was its close combination with the practical struggle, which helped educate the guerrillas to think and act as the Juche idea indicated them and demanded them.

When a new fighting task was put forth or an assignment was given in the anti-Japanese guerrilla army, the political work was given precedence and conversations and explanations were undertaken so the guerrillas could act as the Juche idea indicated and demanded of them, strictly adhering to the stand of Juche.

When a task was assigned to the guerrillas, they were told always to strictly defend the interests of the people and fulfil their tasks in reliance upon the popular masses and to surmount the difficulties and obstacles they faced in the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance.

The workers of the arsenal of the Anti-Japanese Guerrilla Army came across tremendous difficulties in the course of fulfilling the tasks to manufacture weapons.

The anti-Japanese guerrillas, cherishng high honour of being revolutionary soldiers of the great leader and fully displaying the attitude of the master of the revolution, made what they did not have and found out what fell short of the need, producing a large quantity of weapons at the end of a strenuous struggle and greatly contributing to the strengthening and development of the anti-Japanese armed struggle led by the great leader.

While strengthening the education for arming its members with the Juche idea, the revolutionary idea, of the great leader, the Anti-Japanese Guerrila Army educated them to wage an uncompromising struggle against all brands of reactionary and counter-revolutionary ideas contradictory to it.

As a result, the anti-Japanese guerrillas waged an uncompromising struggle against all descriptions of wrong ideological tendencies contradictory to the immortal Juche idea of the great leader and defended to the end the revolutionary idea of the great leader, with unshakable faith not knowing any other idea besides the Juche idea, the revolutionary idea, of the great leader.

The constant education in the Juche idea which took various forms and methods in the Anti-Japanese Guerrilla Army made it possible to bring up the anti-Japanese guerrillas into revolutionaries of Juche type infinitely faithful to the great leader and dye the revolutionary ranks in the Juche idea and achieve the unbreakable unity and cohesion of the entier ranks based on the immortal Juche idea. (KCNA)

(Subtitles are ours....Ed)

Invincible Is KPA under President's Wise Leadership

—On Occasion of Its 28th Birthday—

On February 8, the Korean people greeted the 28th anniversary of the founding of the Korean People's Army.

Debut

In the darkest period of the Japanese imperialist rule the respected and beloved leader Marshal Kim Il Sung advanced the revolutionary line of waging an organized armed struggle with a standing revolutionary armed force against Japanese imperialism and founded the Korean People's Revolutionary Army, the first Marxist-Leninist revolutionary armed force of the Korean people.

With the founding of the KPRA, the Korean people had a strong revolutionary armed force with which to defeat Japanese imperialism and gain victory, lift the Korean communist movement and anti-Japanese national liberation struggle to a new, higher plane.

The great leader Marshal Kim Il Sung led to a shining victory the 15-year long bloody anti-Japanese armed struggle, defeating Japanese imperialism and accomplishing the cause of the restoration of the fatherland, and established the glorious revolutionary traditions of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Korean people in the course of this rigorous struggle.

After the liberation (1945), the national defence question was vital to the outcome of the revolution, with south Korea occupied by U.S. imperialism.

Marshal Kim Il Sung made all his efforts to set up a regular people's army.

He, to begin with, brought up military political workers by establishing the Pyongyang Institute (Nov. 1945), the Central Cadres' School of Maintenance of Public Peace (Jul. 1946), and the Training Centre of Cadres of Maintenance of Public Peace (Aug. 1946). The skeleton of army, navy and air force was formed. In the wake of this, on February 8, 1948 the birth of the Korean People's Army was proclaimed, consisting of the sons and daughters of workers and peasants and revolutionary fighters trained in the flames of the anti-Japanese armed struggle as its backbone.

Marshal Kim Il Sung said:

"The basic mission of our People's Army as the direct continuer of the anti-Japanese armed struggle and as the revolutionary armed forces led by the Workers' Party, is to serve the Party and the revolution and defend their socialist fatherland and people. Our People's Army is an army organized with best sons and daughters of the workers, peasants and other sections of the working people; the superiors and inferiors are in perfect unity; and the army maintains close bonds of kinship with the people."

With the founding of the KPA and its direct inheritance of the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle, the Korean people realized their historical desire to have their own regular army, and they did—a revolutionary armed force which would defend firmly the gains of the revolution from the enemy's encroachment and guarantee the final victory of the Korean revolution.

This was the brilliant fruition of Marshal Kim Il Sung's Juche-oriented military line and a very successful achievement by the Korean people in the building of a new country.

Marshal Kim Il Sung erected the people's armed force, and personally trained it to become a revolutionary army, on the basis of "one matches a hundred" programme, then organized and led a community movement to assist it.

The KPA firmly armed itself with the leader's great revolutionary thinking and acquired his superb military techniques. It grew into an army of the working class, an army of the people, characterized by the traditional unity of officers and men, the army and the people, and an intense dislike for the enemy. It was strengthened to be an invincible revolutionary armed force capable of quashing any aggressors.

Korean War

The People's Armymen infinitely faithful to the leader displayed matchless courage, self-sacrificing spirit and mass heroism in the great Fatherland Liberation War (1950-1953) against the armed invaders of 16 countries including the U.S. imperialists.

On June 25, 1950, the U.S. imperialists and their stooges, the south Korean puppet clique, who together had prepared the roots for a war of aggression, initiated a surprise armed attack against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The U.S. imperialists' design was to destroy the people's democratic system in the Republic by war, topple the DPRK and turn the whole of Korea into a colony, into a base and bridgehead for aggression against Asia.

The 3-year war forced by the U.S. imperialist aggressors was the grimmest trial for the people and the KPA.

Marshal Kim Il Sung said:

"In this war... the Korean people must defend with their lives the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and its Constitution; wipe out the traitorous puppet regime in the southern half and liberate the southern half of our country from the reactionary rule of the traitorous Syngman Rhee clique. They must restore in the southern half people's committees, a genuine people's power and accomplish the cause of the country's reunification under the banner of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea."

Under the sagacious guidance of the Supreme Commander of the KPA Marshal Kim Il Sung, the all-triumphant, resolute and incomparable commander and outstanding military strategist, the heroic Korean people defeated the U.S. imperialist aggressors and succeeded in victory. The U.S. imperialists, for their part, threw in their most up-to-date combat equipment, materiel and large troops unprecedented in the annals of war. They resorted to the most barbarous means of warfare, but in return they only had defeat and death. In the Korean War the U.S. imperialists suffered 2.3 times as many losses as they had sustained in the four years of the Pacific War during World War II.

The historic victory of the Korean people and the KPA in the Fatherland Liberation War was a shining victory of the great leader's original military idea of self-defence, his pre-eminent strategy and tactics and brilliant art of command. It widely demonstrated to the whole world that the Korean people and the KPA who, firmly united as one around the great leader of the revolution Marshal Kim Il Sung, are invincible and clearly showed that a people who have risen up for the freedom and independence of the country, firmly seizing their destiny in their own hands can beat down any enemy.

By defeating the U.S. imperialist invaders, the Korean people led by Marshal Kim Il Sung, not only firmly defended the freedom and independence of the country and the honour of the nation, but also foiled the U.S. imperialists' manoeuvre for war expansion—safeguarded the security of the socialist countries and peace in Asia and the world.

The Korean people utterly destroyed the myth of the "mightiness" of U.S. imperialism and greatly inspired the struggle of hundreds of millions of people throughout the world who were fighting for national independence and freedom. Consequently, the U.S. imperialist aggressors were put out on the downgrade, opening up a new phase in the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle.

In the post-war period, too, the KPA kept the defence line impregnable, frustrating the enemy's manoeuvres of aggression and war provocation at every step and defended with honour the cause of the WPK and the Korean people for the socialist revolution and construction.

For examples, in 1968, the naval vessel of the KPA captured the U.S. imperialist armed spy ship "Pueblo" with all the aggressors on board and in 1969, the KPA also destroyed at a single shot the U.S. large-size spy plane "EC-121."

Today, the unitary and ideological system of the Party has been firmly established in the KPA as never before and it is burning with the firm revolutionary determination to remain singleheartedly faithful to the leader.

The officers and men of the KPA are thoroughly equipped with the firm working-class viewpoint, high class consciousness, ardent love for the socialist fatherland and burning hatred for the class enemies. The lofty traditional traits such as comradely fraternity between the officers and men, voluntary discipline and kindred ties with people prevail in the whole ranks of the People's Army.

These are the essential characteristic features and superiority of the KPA, which are alien to any imperialist army of aggression.

Self-Defence

The WPK's military line is to convert the whole army into a cadre army; to modernize the whole army; to arm the entire people; and to turn the whole country into a fortress.

Further, the military line of the WPK is based on Juche principle, revolutionary principle of self-defense — the line through which runs this principle in national defense.

The all-people, all-nation defence system with the KPA as its mainstay is a most superior defence system in military strategy. This makes it possible to thoroughly defeat and crush on the spot any enemy invading us whether from the sky, sea or ground.

President Kim Il Sung said in his New Year address of 1976:

"We are building socialism under the circumstances in which the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys are ceaselessly manoeuvring to provoke a new war. We must sharpen our revolutionary vigilance against the enemy's aggressive and provocative activities, and be fully prepared to firmly defend the country's security and our revolutionary gains against any enemy invasion.

The officers and men of the People's Army and the People's Security Forces should never relax and slacken, but always keep themselves alert and ready and strengthen in every way the combat readiness and fighting capacity of their units."

Today, due to the U.S. imperialists' war provocation manoeuvres and their knavish acts of interfering in other's internal affairs, Korea is placed in a tense situation where a war may break out again at any time, and grave obstacles have been thrown in the way of national reunification.

However, the KPA has made full preparations to crush the enemy at a stroke whenever it may come, with the determination to live together if they are to live and die together if they should die.

With whatever manoeuvres of aggression and war, the U.S. imperialists and their stooges the Pak Jung Hi clique, will not be able to frighten the Korean people.

Navymen guarding the territorial waters of the DPRK

"KCIA" Conducts "Humanitarian Service"

"KCIA" 7th Bureau Chief Mastermind

The attractive-sounding "visit to south Korea" scheme has met with a complete failure, a scheme masterminded by the "KCIA" agents in Japan in order to destroy Chongryun (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan), to discredit the DPRK and to create "two Koreas."

The dismay among puppet authorities can be easily guessed from the unexpected dismissal of their consul in Shimonoseki, a port city in the southern tip of Honshu Island of Japan. More dismissals and reprimands are anticipated with great fear by local puppets of Mindan and the consular office.

They are charged with the failure to enlist Korean residents in the "home-visit program." Of the 15,000 Koreans in Yamaguchi Prefecture, only two or three non-political men without any organizational affiliation went to south Korea, although the majority of the colonial population hail from the south.

The scheme has become more vicious of late and the "KCIA" agents are more active in frightening Koreans here into defecting from the Chongryun organization.

They said that the "visit to south Korea" campaigns should be stepped to build up their organization (the "ROK" Residents Association in Japan). They have recently gone the length of clamouring that this movement is aimed at perpetuating the division of Korea.

Dissatisfied with the way Mindan and the puppet embassy in Tokyo handled the "visit-to-south Korea drive," the puppet authorities in Seoul dispatched "KCIA" men to take over the job with huge funds.

Three hundred kisaeng girls with driver's license were brought to Japan to support the program. Their mission is to seduce precisely 300 Korean businessmen and take them to south Korea.

More than 30 secretary generals of local chapters of Mindan were taken to Seoul for five-day refresher courses. They underwent intensive indoctrination on how to undermine Chongryun organizations and prevent any Koreans from leaving Mindan.

The so-called "visit" was carried on three occasions, the first last August, the second toward the end of last year and the third on Jan. 24.

Toward the end of last year, an airplane flew to the Tokyo International Airport at Haneda from south Korea, to take Korean residents home. The airport was crowded by "KCIA" agents posted in the "embassy" and the consulates.

Among them was Li Yong Hi, special "presidential" aide and Chong Hong Jin, chief of the 7th bureau of the "KCIA" who is the general chief of the program.

Pak Jung Hi made Chong Hong Jin come to Japan with a view to succeeding in the "visit to native towns" manoeuvres to prolong his stay in power.

Chong Hong Jin has always stood in the way of the July 4 north-south joint statement, which condemns division and confrontation between north and south, since he became member of the North-South Coordination Committee.

He went to Nagoya to visit a businessman affiliated with Chongryun. He met with the Korean resident and told him to visit south Korea. The businessman retorted, "Since you are a member of the North-South Coordination Committee, you can now sign a joint statement with me supporting the earliest reunification of our homeland."

This remark silenced the visitors and drove them out.

A Mindan-inclined compatriot said that Chong Hong Jin surpasses in viciousness and meanness even former "KCIA" chief Li Hu Rak, who is responsible for abduction of Kim Dae Jung.

On Jan. 24, "KCIA" agents and vicious functionaries of Mindan crowded at the Itami Airport in Osaka, to take Koreans here to south Korea before the New Year of the lunar calendar.

On hand there was Cho Il Joe, former chief of the 6th bureau of the "KCIA" and puppet "consul-general" in Osaka.

He was a puppet agent whom Pak Jung Hi counted on as a vicious prosecutor. He arrested, imprisoned and killed at random not a few south Korean revolutionaries and patriotic people.

He did everything in his power to put Koreans here under the fascist system like south Korea since he became a "consul-general" on March 18 last year.

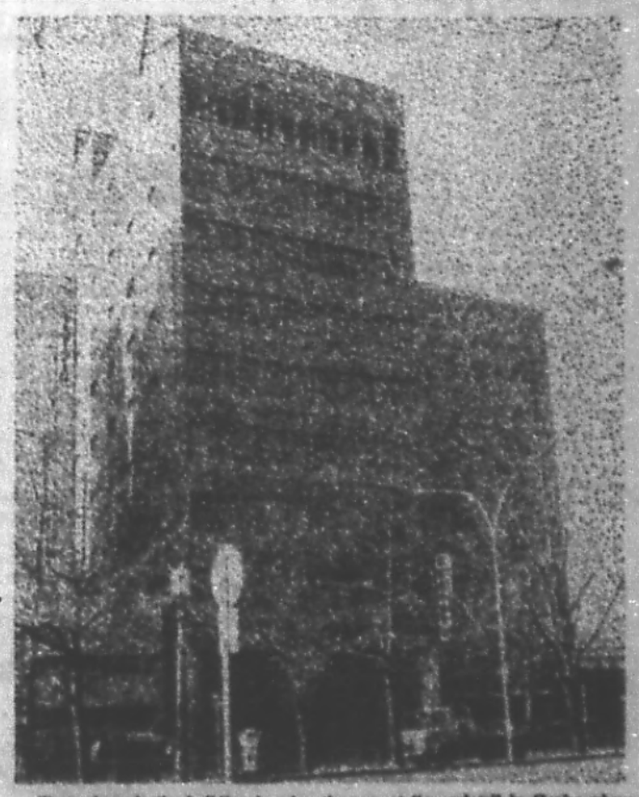
He has converted Mindan into an intelligence center for the "KCIA" through a campaign for "construction of a new Mindan."

He was active in the "Kim Dae Jung kidnapping case," and is a shadow boss in Japan.

The agents of "KCIA" leave no stones unturned to make Koreans here defect from Chongryun organizations through the "visit to south Korea" campaign. No Chongryun-inclined compatriot got trapped into the scheme of the Pak Jung Hi gangsters. In order to show a semblance of success, the "KCIA" agents had to force passive members of Mindan to go to south Korea. They also enlisted some non-political Korean expatriates who belonged neither to Chongryun nor to Mindan.

On arrival in Seoul, the visitors were forced to meet the press en masse as defectors from Chongryun. The reptile press played up the visit, to the consternation of the visiting Koreans. The "KCIA" agents were always with them as guides, and time was short for the so-called family reunions or visits to the ancestral tombs. Most of the schedules were for "anti-communist" indoctrination.

Everything went contrary to the expectations of the puppet clique.



Shown here is the building housing the puppet "consulate" in Osaka where "KCIA" agents cook up "anti-Chongryun" plots.

This photo shows the puppet agents conducting Mindan people for "visit to south Korea" at the Tokyo International Airport.

Mindan People Speak

Visitors unanimously exposed the criminal intrigues of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who tries through the "visit to south Korea movement" to create mistrust and sow dissension among compatriots in Japan and use them for the treacherous and nation-splitting moves and for manoeuvres against the DPRK and Chongryun.

Kim Hyong Hui, a "Mindan" inclined compatriot residing in Osaka who, cheated by the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, visited south Korea as a member of the "visit to south Korea" group, exposed the intrigues of the puppet clique.

Kim Hyon Hui said:

As soon as I arrived in south Korea I sensed that the "visit to south Korea" is a trick authored by the Pak Jung Hi "regime" and a political drama staged by the bosses of "Mindan" and officials of the south Korean "consulates" in Japan in league with each other and that it pursues a sinister aim.

Kim Hyon Hui continued:

When we were taken to the "state cemetery," we were told that a wreath should be laid in the name of the "home-visiting group of Chongryun-lining compatriots, before the grave of Pak Jung Hi's wife who was shot to death by a puppet agent.

Upon hearing this, we could not repress indignation. When I saw with my own eyes that the love of compatriots in Japan for their native towns was abused in the nation-splitting plot, anti-DPRK row and subversive manoeuvres against Chongryun, I felt how foolish I was to be taken in by the scoundrels' "visit to south Korea" ruse.

There was no Chongryun-lining compatriot among the compatriots who were deceived by this trick like us. They were all "Mindan"-inclined compatriots or those without organizational affiliations.

I clearly realized that the "visit to south Korea" much advertized by the Pak Jung Hi "regime" is a treacherous scheme to lead the compatriots in Japan along the road of treachery.

In her notes, a woman compatriot without organizational affiliation said:

The true colours of the anti-DPRK and anti-Chongryun machinations of the scoundrels were disclosed more glaringly at a "welcome meeting" in Seoul.

Such wretches as "national assemblymen" and the "mayor" took the floor and made long-winded tedious speeches slandering the DPRK and Chongryun.

Agents, one in every group of five compatriots from Japan, barked: "Don't doze, clap your hands and shout *manse* (hurrah!)."

This was the "welcome meeting" by the puppet clique.

Referring to the impressions she got while visiting her native village another woman compatriot without organizational affiliation, wrote in her notes:

I was greatly shocked again by a miserable sight I saw when I visited my brother's house after three decades of separation.

My brother is a peasant. His life was too miserable to describe. It was no better than the appalling life during the Japanese imperialist rule which I still remember.

I stayed in my brother's house for two days.

My nephew said to me:

"Aunt, please clearly see what society ours is while you are here. My father and I can not say what we have in mind. Aunt, you had also better not speak a word during your stay here.

You should not come here again in such a way."

A certain Kim, a Mindan-inclined compatriot who had been to south Korea, wrote in his notes:

My brother's house I visited was unworthy of the name. A two-roomed plank-house was just like a shanty in the slum I saw in photographs in Japan.

My brother's wife told me with a gloomy face that their present life was as miserable as that during the Japanese imperialist rule.

I fell ill because I was very much exhausted by an excursion forced on us by the south Korean authorities and my attendance on my brother in his sick bed.

There was no hospital, however, in the farm village.

I walked for nearly two hours with the help of my brother's wife to a small health centre. Before seeing me, a physician asked me "have you money?"

When I thought to myself that those without money have no other way but to die, I felt a fresh surge of indignation and resentment in my heart against the present dictator.

He stressed: "The south Korean people cannot liberate themselves from the present misery and lead a new life unless they sweep away dictator Pak Jung Hi."

* * *

In this way, the "visit to south Korea" farce proved a failure. The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and their minions resorted to their habitual method of frantically conducting false propaganda full of lies and fabrications in order to use the compatriots in Japan for political purposes.

The facts clearly show no Chongryun-inclined compatriot was among visitors to south Korea. There are also ample evidence of the extent of support Chongryun enjoys even among the south Korean people, needless to say, in the Korean community in Japan and among the world public.

The world demands a stop to the puppet regime's harsh crackdown upon the democratic movement for reunification and subversive moves against Chongryun. The crimes of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique have outraged the south Korean people and the overseas south Koreans.

A strong backlash against the Pak Jung Hi clique is steadily building up in south Korea and abroad. This prospect is panicking the Pak Jung Hi rascals.

Nat'l Reunification Struggle between Patriots and Traitors

Reunification, that is, the establishment of national sovereignty throughout the country, means patriotism and division contradictory to this is treachery. Anyone who struggles to put an end to the national split and achieve reunification is a genuine patriot and he who opposes reunification and tries to perpetuate the national split is a traitor to the nation and flunkeyist quisling.

The struggle for the country's reunification is a struggle between patriots and traitors. It is an acute struggle between the forces of national independence and the imperialist forces of aggression.

The great leader President Kim Il Sung taught:

"The struggle for reunification is a struggle not between the communists and the nationalists but between patriots and traitors and between the forces of national independence and the imperialist forces of aggression."

The reason why the struggle for the country's reunification is a struggle between patriots and traitors can be explained by the essence of the question of Korea's reunification and its requirements.

President Kim Il Sung taught:

"The question of our country's reunification is essentially a question of taking back the territory and population robbed by the foreign imperialists and ensuring national sovereignty on a nationwide scale."

Rights and interests of a nation and national dignity are unthinkable apart from national sovereignty.

It is, therefore, the most patriotic act for the country and the nation to fight to establish and defend national sovereignty. Apart from this struggle no one can claim to be a patriot.

A plot to oppose the country's reunification for establishing national sovereignty throughout the country and fix and perpetuate its division is the unpardonable flunkeyist treachery of offering the country and the nation to the foreign aggressors.

No task is greater and more pressing for the Korean people than fighting to free one half of the land from the yoke of imperialism and establish national sovereignty throughout the country. Korea must be reunified. She must in no way be split into "two Koreas."

In Korea true patriots who love the country and the nation are none other than those who have fought for the freedom and independence of the fatherland under the banner of the immortal Juche idea.

They are the genuine revolutionary fighters of Korea. They are the true patriots who, regarding it as their sacred duty to thoroughly defend the national independence, grandeur and prosperity, have always devoted their all to the struggle for the interests of the country and the people.

This is eloquently proved by the undying fighting exploits performed by the Korean Communists, the true patriots, for the last half century under the wise leadership of the great leader President Kim Il Sung.

Upholding the wise leadership of the great leader President Kim Il Sung, they fought bloody battles with arms in hand for 15 years for the freedom and independence of the fatherland, overcoming all hardships and trials and finally restored the fatherland. After liberation, too, they, worried about the bisection of the country into two parts more deeply than anyone else, strenuously waged a resolute struggle for pulling down the barrier dividing the country and for rejoining the blood ties of the nation under the leadership of the great leader.

The basic policy which the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the DPRK have consistently maintained in the struggle for reunifying the country is to reunify the country independently and peacefully on a democratic principle without any outside interference. This policy is the most just one for taking back the territory and population robbed by the foreign aggressors and achieving national unity, independence and prosperity.

Facts fully prove that the Korean Communists are the staunchest defenders of the national interests and the most genuine patriots.

As for the nationalists of south Korea, they also love the country and the nation and ardently hope for national reunification.

The south Korean nationalists have the same desire and aspiration as ours as far as the national task—national reunification—is concerned.

It is none other than a handful of traitors in south Korea bossed by Pak Jung Hi who keep leaving a half of Korea to the tender mercies of the foreign imperialist aggressors and plotting to perpetuate the division.

As for gangster Pak Jung Hi, he is a wicked traitor and ferocious butcher of compatriots. He swore his loyalty to the Japanese "emperor" and barbarously massacred Korean revolutionaries and patriots when the Korean Communists were waging a bloody anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle for the freedom and independence of the fatherland. After the surrender of Japanese imperialism, he became a running dog of U.S. imperialism and brutally suppressed and slaughtered people.

Being dirty human scum, the flunkeyist traitors of south Korea have been engrossed only in treacherous and nation-splitting activities, going against the desire of the people. Leaving a half of the land under the jackboots of the foreign imperialist aggressors, they are still working to perpetuate the division.

Facts eloquently prove that the Pak Jung Hi clique are heinous traitors to the nation, separatists, war-like elements and fascists more frantically rushing headlong along the road of reliance on outside forces, not independence, the road of war, not peace, and the road of division, not reunification.

In order to prevent a national split and achieve reunification it is necessary, first of all, to terminate the U.S. imperialist aggression forces' occupation of south Korea, the root cause of the national split and the basic obstacle to national reunification, and, at the same time, struggle against the separatists and the flunkeyist traitors fawning upon and tailing after outside forces.

The achievement of the independent and peaceful reunification of the country is unthinkable without shattering the U.S. imperialists' manoeuvres of aggression and interference and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's moves to perpetuate the national split.

No force on earth can hold in check the struggle of the Korean people to achieve the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

If the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique, clinging more tightly to the coattails of the foreign imperialist aggressors, keep opposing the independent and peaceful reunification of the country and working desperately to manufacture "two Koreas" and perpetuate the division, they will certainly meet destruction with an indelible disgrace on their names as traitors.

Victory is always in store for patriotism.

Chongryun Exposes Pak Clique In Circulating False Report

As the farce of "visit to native towns" proved futile, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and their minions working with bloodshot eyes to use the compatriots in Japan in a political ruse are now resorting to their habitual method of frantically conducting a tricky propaganda full of lies and fabrications.

Proof of this is a forged item published on January 25 by "Sina Tongsin," a subsidized news agency of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique in Japan, calling it a report from Seoul.

This "Sina Tongsin" report carried by Japanese newspapers on the morning of January 26 told a lie that among the compatriots in Japan taken to south Korea were "the chairman of the Korean chamber of commerce and industry in Japan," "a professor of Choson University" and even a recipient of the highest order of the DPRK.

Representatives of the Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongryun), the Federation of Korean Traders and Industrialists in Japan, Choson University and the Federation of Korean Credit Associations in Japan went to newspaper and news agency offices of Japan on the 27th and lodged a protest with them against the printing of the forged report circulated by the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique for their foul political purpose.

The note said that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are conducting the so-called "campaign of visit of compatriots in Japan to their native towns" these days in a desperate attempt to use this for propaganda against the DPRK and Chongryun.

It continued:

Chairman Han Duk Su and three others among the compatriots in Japan are the recipients of the highest order of the Republic. It is as clear as daylight that this order was not conferred upon such nondescript as Yun Yong Su.

It seems that by "the chairman of the Korean chamber of commerce and industry in Japan" they mean the chairman of the Federation of Korean Traders and Industrialists in Japan. But as everybody knows, Mr. Ryang Jong Go has held the post of chairman of this federation for more than ten years.

It is also groundless that "a professor of Choson University" visited south Korea and such a man as Yun Yong Su was a "member of the organizing committee of the federation of Korean credit associations in Japan."

Ignoring this undeniable fact, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique had the cheek to conduct such a tricky propaganda.

The representatives demanded the press organs of Japan that carried the false report of "Sina Tongsin" make corrections to the false report and take appropriate steps against the recurrence of similar cases in the future.

Various newspapers and news agencies of Japan are now calling "Sina Tongsin" of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to task for the circulation of the false report and strongly demanding corrections to it.

Japanese newspapers "Asahi Shimbun," "Mainichi Shimbun," "Tokyo Shimbun," "Sankei Shimbun" and the Japanese Kyodo News Service made corrections to this story and exposed that the report circulated by the gangsters was a sheer fabrication.

Korean Students Assaulted by Japanese Delinquents

Of late, incidents of mob violence by bad Japanese youths and students upon Korean students have occurred in succession near Tokyo.

On Jan. 30, 70-odd delinquent Japanese students of Kokushikan High School attacked students of the Kanagawa Korean High School on their way home at Yokohama Station platforms of the National Railways and private railway and in a train of the Keihintohoku Line.

At 4 p.m. as soon as Choe Song Tae, first year of the Kanagawa Korean High School got on a train at the Yokohama National Railway Station on his way home, five Kokushikan students came and surrounded the student with iron pipes in their hands.

Identifying Choe as a Korean student, they hit him with the iron pipes. They robbed the Korean student of his school badge and his school jacket.

When the train arrived at Sakuragicho Station, around 20 Kokushikan boys attacked Choe again, shouting "Kill Koreans!"

They forcibly dragged Choe out of the train at the Kannai Station and mauled him hard.

Student Choe suffered injuries in his head, face and legs requring one week's medical care.

During 4 p.m. to 5 p.m. on the same day around 30 to 40 hooligans' of the same school waylaid three Korean students with iron pipes and other lethal weapons on No. 3 platform of Keihintohoku Line.

Earier on Jan. 27, five students of the Tokyo Korean High School were victimized at Nishi-Kawaguchi Station by around 20 Japanese delinquent students and youths.

Student Li Chang Ho had his finger broken and needed three weeks' medical care; students Pae Un Hak and Li Chang Su sustained bruise which required 10 days treatment.

Most outstanding about such cases is their timing which always coincide with the major moves against the Korean people and the DPRK—a strong sign that the attacks are politically manoeuvred.

Examples in case are the frantic war preparations against the DPRK and the doomed "visit-south Korea campaign" designed to subvert Chongryun.

Behind them is the reactionary policy of the Japanese militarists to stir up anti-Korean sentiments and alienate the Japanese people from the Korean people.

Despite the fact that the Korean students were victims and the Japanese assailants, policemen did nothing to stop the attackers and detained the injured victims. When the students tried to get in touch with their home, the policemen obstructed it, clamouring "None of your cheek!"

Workers of Chongryun, compatriots of its Nanbu chapter of Saitama Prefecture and teachers of the Tokyo Korean High School called on the Kawaguchi police station on Jan. 27 and 29 and demanded that they arrest at once the hooligans and punish the policemen severely.

On Feb. 1, the Kanagawa Hq. of Chongryun and the Kanagawa Korean High School protested to the Kanagawa Prefectural Police Hq. and Tobe policebox and held the news conference.

"CIA" Offers Scared Pak Bullet-Proof Car

It is reported that the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency provided a "bullet-proof car" to traitor Pak Jung Hi of south Korea.

This shows with added clarity that Pak Jung Hi is an agent directly "protected" by the CIA.

Why did it give special "favour" to the puppet?

This is because such hand-raised faithful agents as Pak Jung Hi are badly in need in maintaining the U.S. colonial rule in south Korea at least and realising their aggressive design on the whole of Korea and Asia with south Korea as a strategic stronghold under the present situation when their position in the whole of Asia is being weakened with great rapidity.

As for Pak Jung Hi, he is a criminal who pledged his allegiance to the Japanese "emperor" and acted as a faithful running dog of Japanese imperialism, barbarously murdering patriots who were fighting for the restoration of the country and the liberation of the people. He is a vicious traitor who should have been punished long ago.

But, this arch traitor is still living and acting as the boss of the puppet regime because his inborn character as an agent won the favour of the CIA which trained him as an agent under its special protection.

Over the past 15 years since he usurped the puppet power Pak Jung Hi has done everything for the U.S. on its orders, acting as its agent.

In this period the traitor, looking up to the U.S. as a god, has eagerly begged for the U.S. troops' permanent occupation of south Korea, deadlocked the north-south dialogue and laid new obstacles on the road to national reunification zealously executing the "two Koreas" plot of the U.S., and turned south Korea completely into a military base and powder-magazine of the U.S., pursuing the policy of war with its backing.

The Pak clique on orders of their master dispatched a large number of south Korean youth and middle-aged men to South Vietnam as bullet shield for U.S. imperialism and are acting as international agents in Indochina, the Middle East and Africa, in accordance with the CIA's subversive plan against the third world countries.

In a word, such "favour" as providing a "bullet-proof car" to Pak Jung Hi was an appraisal of his special character as a flunkeyist traitor and agent whom it raised and who has served and will serve it and of his treacherous "merits." That the traitor solicited the CIA for a bullet-proof car is a revelation of his intention to prolong his remaining days as an agent of the CIA under the U.S. wings in future, too.

Today when the manoeuvres of the CIA to overthrow, subvert, split and alienate other countries are being uncovered in various parts of the world and giving rise to public censure, the newly-disclosed compact between the CIA and the Pak Jung Hi clique evokes vehement indignation of the Korean people.

The U.S. imperialists are encouraging their stooges through such a farce in an attempt to realise their aggressive design on the whole of Korea and Asia by taking hold on the Pak clique and using south Korea as a stronghold. But it is of no avail.

Gulf Oil Bribery

The U.S. Senate Subcommittee of Multinational Corporations disclosed on Jan. 2 that the political donation of $ 10 million has been made to the south Korean puppet government and the Democratic Republican Party by the Gulf Oil Company, through the past 10 years.

$ 4 million was donated in 1966 and 1970 to the puppet ruling party, and $ 6 million divided among the traitor Pak Jung Hi, aides to Prime Minister and the cadres of the KCIA.

Since 1966 and 1970 were the preceding years of the so-called presidential elections, the money was undoubtedly used to buy votes.

The president of the Gulf testified on May 16, last year at a public hearing of the subcommittee that he could not refuse the strong demand for the donation made by Kim Song Gon, treasurer of the ruling party, and other puppet leaders.

U.S. F.E. War Codes Disclosed

A U.S. army's secret document "operational action in the Far East" was exposed by Komeito Member of the Japan Lower House Yano Junya at the budget committee of the House held on Jan. 30.

Actually, the U.S. moves to start a war of aggression in Korea have reached a more dangerous stage.

"The operational action in the Far East," is a cipher document worked out by the U.S. for ensuring an "anti-aircraft joint military action" of the United States, Japan and the south Korean puppet clique in the Far East, and Japan and the south Korean puppet clique are now using it.

This means that the air and air defence forces of the United States, Japan and south Korea are to operate concertedly under the U.S. command system.

The cipher document proves that the U.S. has set up a joint operational command system for the U.S., Japan and the south Korean puppets to start another war of aggression in Korea and, moreover, it is actually operating. This is obviously very dangerous war provocation manoeuvres.

The U.S. is trying their hardest to keep hold on south Korea indefinitely as the last resort for saving their tottering aggression system in Asia and, using it as the springboard, start another Korean war.

To this end, the U.S. is scheming to strengthen the triangular military alliance among the U.S., Japan and south Korea and complete a unified operational command system for ensuring its joint military actions.

The U.S. is integrating the commands of their aggression forces in south Korea into a single command, increasing the U.S. troops stationed in south Korea and shipping there weapons of mass destruction including nuclear weapons.

At the same time, the U.S. has handed over a large quantity of lethal weapons to the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and is scheming to deliver to them additional combat equipment including supersonic fighter-bombers for the reinforcement of the forces of the puppet army, while further tightening the control and command system over the south Korean puppet army.

On the other hand, the U.S. is scheming to set up a U.S.-Japan joint operation command for bringing the Japanese "Self-Defense Forces" into a Korean war under the cloak of U.S.-Japan "defence cooperation" and "division of operational commitments."

It is a well known fact that the United States has already reached an agreement with Japan on using the Japanese bases including Okinawa as the "advance base," operational and logistic base and nuclear attack base for a Korean war.

The U.S. is manoeuvring to tighten the military tie-up between Japan and the south Korean puppet clique on the strength of the "U.S.-Japan Security Pact" and the "ROK-U.S. Mutual Defence Treaty," strengthening the military cooperation between the United States and Japan.

Japan and the south Korean puppets have already unified the time and the alarm system and are strengthening the exchange of information for ensuring joint military actions and mutual inspection and "mutual visits" of brasshats of the "military."

"The operational action in the Far East" indicates that the aggressive military tie-up among the United States, Japan and the south Korean puppet clique is being further deepened by the U.S. imperialists.

In fact, the U.S. imperialists have established a unified operational command system over Japan and the south Korean puppets and are frequently staging joint military exercises in south Korea and Okinawa to intensify the joint military actions in accordance with it.

All the facts prove that the U.S. troops in the Far East and Japan and the south Korean puppets are operating concertedly against the Korean people under the operational command system of the United States.

The great leader President Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"The U.S. imperialists and their henchmen are scheming to create 'two Koreas' on the one hand, and on the other overtly manoeuvring to unleash another war against the northern half of the Republic."

The triangular military alliance is actually a military operational structure of the U.S. to ignite a new war in Korea.

The manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists to totally mobilize and use the bases and man-power and material resources of Japan in a new war of aggression in Korea and the ever tightening military tie-up among the United States, Japan and the south Korean puppet clique are one of the main factors menacing peace in Korea and rendering the situation in Korea more strained.

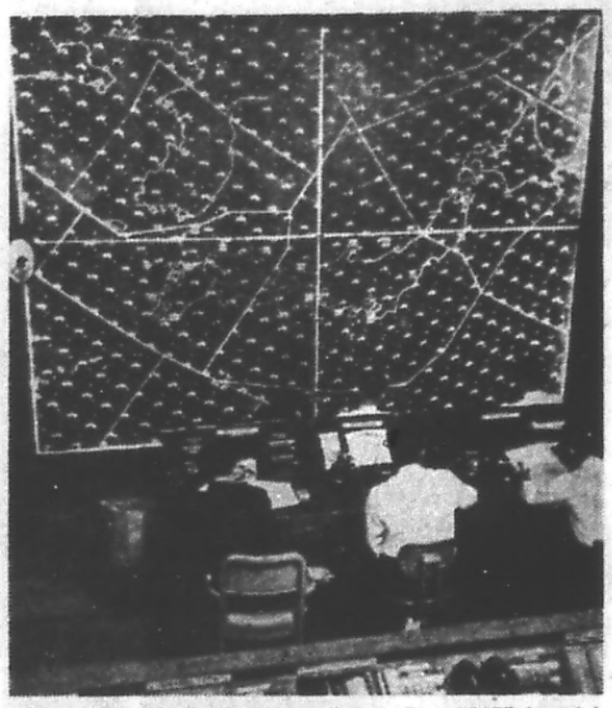


Photo shows the "operation command" of the Japan "SDF" located in Fuchu City, Tokyo, whose radar covers Mainland Japan, Okinawa and the Korean Peninsula. The facilities are to be utilized by the U.S. and Japan for their joint operation against the DPRK.

Christians Pray for Democracy

About 150 south Korean anti-"government" Christians gathered in an open prayer meeting on Jan. 29, in Seoul, expressing their support to Kim Ji Ha, Pak Hyong Gyu and many others now under detention.

They included the mother of Kim Ji Ha, the wife of Kim Dae Jung, the former President Yun Bo Son, the former professor of Seoul Women's College Li U Hong and family members of the detainees.

After the prayer, a man reported that a tent church in Mangu-dong, in a suburb of Seoul, was destroyed by police, and four men were arrested on charges of hindering a government official in the exercise of his duties.

The meeting was the first of the sort to be held in public since the declaration of the notorious "emergency measures No. 9" which banned any criticism of the Pak puppet regime and ordered the dissident religious community to keep silence.

According to a religious source, over 400 Catholics and Protestants rallied on Jan. 23 in a Catholic church in Wonju, Kangwon Province. At the rally, the Rev. Sin Hyo Bong made a similar appeal.

Chemical Workers Strike

More than 80,000 workers in 18 chemical industrial branches of south Korea are all out in the struggle for a 59.5 per cent raise in the present wages, according to a report.

A south Korean radio reported on Jan. 28 that the joint struggle of the workers timed to coincide with their demands for higher wages from the employers.

They declared that they could not live any longer on the present starvation wages. They strongly demanded higher wages, pointing out that labour intensity is now being sharply increased and the prices of daily necessaries are shooting up day by day.

2,845 Truce Violations

The 439th meeting of secretaries of the two sides to the Military Armistice Commission was held on February 3 at Panmunjom at the proposal of our side.

According to the statement made by senior colonel Choe Won Chol, secretary of our side, at the meeting protesting to and denouncing the enemy side, the enemy committed 2,845 cases of violation of the armistice agreement in the headquarters area of the Military Armistice Commission and the Demilitarized Zone in the period between December 21 last year and January 30 this year.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors continuously brought machineguns and other automatic weapons, combat personnel armed with automatic weapons, combat personnel and military vehicles carrying no designated insignia into the HQ area of the Military Armistice Commission.

The number of such violations by the enemy side reached 531 cases during the period from December 21 last year to January 30 this year.

The enemy also perpetrated the criminal acts of illegally bringing automatic weapons and combat personnel into the Demilitarized Zone 2,287 times in the same period and carrying out fortification work there.

The south Korean puppet army staged provocative military exercises against our side in the Demilitarized Zone on 9 occasions in the same period.

Recently the enemy also committed the criminal act of setting fire 6 times in the Demilitarized Zone. (KCNA)

Hollingsworth Replaced

James Hollingsworth was recently fired as the commander of the "I ROK-U.S. corps army" in south Korea.

The war mania Hollingsworth, architect of the "9-day war plan," repeatedly claimed that the U.S. would use nuclear weapons and mobilize heavy weapons deployed along the Demarcation Line and "B-52" strategic bombers in Guam and Okinawa that would fly 30 sorties an hour, 24 hours a day.

His replacement never means that the U.S. imperialists would abandon the above war plan and change their basic policy of occupying south Korea as a colony. His dismissal is nothing but a familiar tactic to mislead the critical public opinion.

If the U.S. imperialists realy want peace in Korea, they must withdraw their troops from south Korea at once, observing the U.N. resolution.

"Unification Church" Rapist Fanatics

The south Korea-based anti-communist agency, "unification church," which abuses Christianity, has become controversial because of its immoral and vicious activities in Japan, the United States and France.

According to a report from Paris, a fight has been unfolded in France against the "unification church of cult" leader, Mun Son Myong.

Throughout the country, some 400 centres were set up, with 900 persons recruited into the "unification church."

Would-be converts are forcibly taken by streetside preachers to Mun's centres for a chat. It takes only 10 days for anybody to be converted by Mun's men. Practically, they are placed in a state of prisoners. They are forced to take off their shoes. The knobs are taken off the doors. Their isolation is carefully organized under constant surveillance by Mun's men.

Furthermore, the converts are subjected to a regimen of little sleep—no more than four hours a day—and poor food. The process adds up to depersonalization, even brainwashing, psychic rape and psychic addiction.

To cope with these atrocities, groups of French parents formed three organizations to get their converted children back home and driving the "unification church" from the country.

On Jan. 22, a plush mansion serving as a Mun centre in Paris, was blasted by unidentified attackers. On the same day, another bomb threat was sent to the Rennes headquarters, 300 km southwest of Paris.

In Tocane-Sain Apre, 420 km southwest of Paris, 1,500 inhabitants of the village got together to oppose Mun's efforts to re-recruit one of their sons, saying that they would boot out the next recruiter when they see.

The subject of their concern is Jean Michel Subrena, 31, who left his medical studies to spend with the group a two-year stint that took him to the United States, Japan and south Korea.

The French youth left the "cult" last month and ever since he has been harassed by Mun's disciples trying to bring him back to the fold.

Pak's "Anti-Communist" Machine

Mun Son Myong, a one-time Presbyterian minister, who had been imprisoned in the DPRK for sexually assaulting women and fled during the last Korean War, founded the "unification church" in 1954. He wrote in his "Divine Principle" that Christ failed in the "fight against communism."

He also once told his disciples, "I will conquer and subjugate the world .... I am your brain."

It is clear from this that Mun is not a religionist but an anti-communist and fanatic agitator disguising himself as a "Messiah."

Therefore, Mun has faithfully served Pak Jung Hi in his "anti-communist" and "anti-DPRK" campaigns.

Taking over power by the military coup on May 16, 1961, Pak Jung Hi actively supported and encouraged Mun's "church" in a bid to utilize its anti-communist doctrine for his purpose.

Under the patronage of the military junta, converts increased from 10,000 in 1960 to 304,000 in 1968. Administrative organs are freely available for its propaganda work. Parish priests are as privileged as police station chiefs. Throughout south Korea the "unification church" has so far waged "anti-communist," "anti-DPRK" campaigns on over 20,000 occasions since 1961.

Mun founded the south Korean headquarters of the "international anti-communist league" in 1968. At the same time, the Japan headquarters was founded. Coinciding with these, the "south Korea-Japan conference against communism" was held in Seoul in 1970, with a view to rallying around Mun's "church" the anti-communist forces in Asia including Japan, Taiwan and the Phillippines.

"KCIA" Protege

Noteworthy is the fact that Mun has maintained closer contacts with the "KCIA." Particularly, former "prime minister" Kim Jong Pil, who was its first director, in a message cabled to Mun, pledged total support for the "unification church."

In other words, Mun's church is a detachment of the "KCIA."

Many agents infiltrate into the "church" as cadres.

The "unification church of cult" was brought into Japan in a 1958 by a "KCIA" agent named Choe Sang Ik. Though he was arrested by the Japanese police on suspicion of smuggling himself into Japan, he was released soon under pressure brought to bear on the police by the rightwing leader, Sasagawa Ryoichi.

Thereafter, the agent moved to the United States for the purpose of spreading the "cult" among the Americans.

In inaugurating the "unification church" in the U.S., a "KCIA" agent, Pak Jin Hi played an important role. Then, Pak was a member of the south Korean embassy in Washington, disguising himself as a diplomat.

It is no secret that the "unification church" engages in all kinds of sabotage and intrigues against the DPRK in foreign countries under the manipulation of the puppet embassy.

There is no doubt that Mun Son Myong is not a "Messiah" but a spokesman for the Pak clique, whose days are numbered, and their cat's-paw.

Active in US, Japan

In order to save the puppet clique from international isolation, Mun's men operate actively and in a sophisticated way under the veil of religion, especially in Japan and the United States.

Mun Son Myong, right, was invited by former U.S. President Nixon to the White House in 1973, where Mun actively defended Nixon under fire from the entire nation for his involvement in the Watergate scandal.

In Japan, Mun's "unification church of cult" is being spread by the name, "monolithic divine principle movement," which is known in Japan by the name, "Genrikyo." This was started here by the above-mentioned "KCIA" agent, Choe Sang Ik.

Kuboki Osamu, once secretary to the leader of the Buddhist sect "Rishokoseikai," was converted and became a leader of the movement. "Study circles" are set up in universities across this country, and youth and students are being recruited by immoral methods. Today, "Genrikyo" becomes a serious social problem.

As the Japan headquarters of the "international anti-communist league" was founded in 1968, the "unification church" revealed its true nature as a "political plotter," lifting the veil of Christianity. The twins have since been more undisguisedly engaged in "anti-DPRK" and "anti-Chongryun" schemes.

To cite only recent cases, on three days consecutively from Jan. 13, some members of the "anti-communist league" appeared on a sound truck on the street in front of the Korean Hall in Tokyo which houses Chongryun's central headquarters, and slung mud at Chongryun, chanting such foolish slogans as "Let the Metropolitan Government cancel the official recognition of Choson University!"

On the following day, the hooligans drove the car close to the residence of Mr. Han Duk Su, Chairman of the Chongryun CSC, and did a grave provocative act.

They are wirepulled from Seoul. Furthermore, the "anti-communist league" is backed by the Japan's pro-south Korean lobbists headed by former prime minister Kishi Nobusuke and the rightwing leader, Sasagawa.

With the backing of the reactionary Japanese ruling circles and the Pak clique, a "Japan conference of the world anti-communist leagues" was held in Tokyo in 1970.

In a word, Mun's aim here is to implant "anti-DPRK" and "anti-Chongryun" sentiments among the people of Japan, in cooperation with Japan's rightist groups. Consequently, he intends to turn public opinion here in favour of the Pak clique.

Mun directs his spearhead at the United States. He claims there are 30,000 adherents in the U.S.

But, Mun's "cult" is under fire from the American public. According to a report from Washington, Kansas Republican Senator Dole requested the Federal Tax Bureau to investigate the "unification church." It has been exempt from taxation as a "religion-motivated organization." Now, its character, activity, objects and fund-raising activities are questioned. Mun Son Myong is investigated by the New York City's procurator's office.

American parents are raising stern protests and denunciations against Mun's church, as their children are being spoiled by his "cult." The "American brigade against Mun" has been formed by victims.

Mun went directly to the United States in 1972 to spread his "cult." In autumn, the American branch of the "unification church" was set up. In its wake, Mun bought his own luxurious mansions, abandoned Christian churches, ranches and other real estates one after another. The amount totaled several billion dollars. But, the sources of the money are still unknown. The fund is said given by Pak Jung Hi in a bid to prepare for his shelter in case of emergency in south Korea. Already, Mun's centres have been founded in all the 50 states of the U.S.

On top of this, Mun extends his hands to the Congress and the Administration. A grand banquet was arranged twice in Washington, to which 3,000 White House officials, Congressmen and businessmen were invited.

He also extends his tentacles to secretaries to Congressmen—a member of the House military affairs commission, chairman of the House national security commission, Missouri Democrat Member of the House Ichord and Connecticut Democrat Member of the House Giaimo.

Surprisingly, Mun was introduced by Pak Jung Hi and Kishi Nobuske to ex-President Nixon. On Christmas day in 1974, he was invited to a party given by Nixon. Like this the guy keeps close contact with rightwing foreign leaders.

Now, Mun is openly planning to hold a grand demonstration-rally in the Washington Monumental Square beside the White House in 1977 and to purchase the Empire State Building in Manhattan, New York, for a national centre of the "unification church of cult."

Driving a sound truck on Jan 13 before its central Hq building in Tokyo, the "anti-communist league" men slung abuse at Chongryun and the DPRK.

Noteworthy is the fact that Mun Son Myong is intervening in the coming U.S. election. Mun tries hard to prevent Minnesota Democratic Congressman Fraser from being reelected, bribing conservatives and the electorate.

These plots are aimed at helping Pak Jung Hi stay in power indefinitely, by turning the public opinion in support of the continuous American aid for the Pak clique.

All these facts bespeak that Mun-led trio—the "unification church," "Genrikyo" and the "anti-communist league"—are evil plotting machines for the Pak clique to control world public opinion under the anachronistic slogan "anti-communism," and have nothing to do with any religion.

Kissinger Pledges Aid to Seoul

U.S. State Secretary Kissinger, again harping on the fictitious "threat of southward aggression," on January 29 told south Korean puppet national assemblymen visiting the United States that the United States "is prepared promptly to cope with" any situation in Korea and "is ever ready to assist" the south Korean puppet clique, according to a report.

Earlier, on January 28, Chairman of the U.S. Joint Chiefs of Staff Brown, a notorious war-maniac, in his "report" to U.S. Congress argued that Korea "is the most probable point in the Pacific where a war might break out" and declared that the U.S. imperialist aggression troops occupying south Korea "will stay" in south Korea, "an area of strategic importance," as an "important stabilizing force in Northeast Asia."

These outbursts of the villains brought into the open the real intention of the U.S. imperialists to keep south Korea forever as their colony and military base and, using it as a stepping stone, again commit war adventures for aggression on the northern half of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

It is a widely known fact that the U.S. imperialists are now feverishly seeking a way out of their serious predicament within and without in the provocation of a war of aggression in Korea, pointing their aggression more openly toward Northeast Asia.

The U.S. imperialists are these days incessantly bringing aggression armed forces to south Korea and frantically staging military manoeuvres in south Korea and around Korea, under simulated conditions of their new war of aggression in Korea, in accordance with the "operational plans" already worked out. These facts indicate that they have gone to a very grave stage in their war provocation manoeuvres for conquering the northern half of the Republic by "strength."

Therefore, the aggressive outbursts against our country now spewing forth from the mouths of the U.S. imperialists' top-class servants and bellicose elements are not mere outbursts, but they are carried into practice fraught with very grave consequences. Herein lies their danger.

When the world people, not to speak of the Korean people, are unanimously demanding the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggression troops from south Korea and the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea, the U.S. imperialists are making a desperate attempt to perpetuate their occupation of south Korea and start a new war in Korea. It is an unpardonable heinous crime trampling underfoot the desire of the times and the people.

It is an irresistible demand of the times today that the United States should stop all its interference in the internal affairs of Korea and take away its aggression troops from south Korea and Korea's reunification be realised by the Korean people themselves.

The present times in which the world people advocate independence and do not allow any form of subjugation and interference, will never pardon the fanatic of "strength."

The U.S. imperialists should look straight at today's reality and stop running riot. (KCNA)

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